

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia) (Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157) Company No.: LL11956

Report And Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia) (Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157) Company No.: LL11956

FINANCIAL REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

Contents

	Page
Corporate Information	1
Statement by a Director	2
Independent Auditors' Report	3 - 5
Statement of Financial Position	6
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	7
Statement of Changes in Equity	8
General Insurance Revenue Account	9
Statement of Cash Flows	10 - 11
Notes to the Financial Statements	12 - 43

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Tatiana Belova Mikhail Grishin Andreas Antoniou (Appointed on 7 June 2022) Erich Nicholas (Resigned on 25 February 2022)

CORPORATE SECRETARY

ZICO Secretarial Limited

AUDITORS

Crowe (Labuan) LLP

REGISTERED OFFICE

Unit Level 13(A), Main Office Tower, Financial Park Labuan, Jalan Merdeka, 87000 Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Suite No. 10, Brighton Place Office Suites, Brighton Place, 1st Floor, No U0215, Jalan Bahasa, 87000 Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Malayan Banking Berhad, Labuan Branch China Construction Bank Corporation, Labuan Branch

PLACE OF INCORPORATION AND DOMICILE

Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurance - Licence No.: IS2015157)

STATEMENT BY A DIRECTOR

I, Tatiana Belova, being one of the directors of Mandarin Re Ltd, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the directors, the financial statements set out on pages 6 to 43 are drawn up in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Labuan Companies Act 1990 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as of 31 December 2021 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors

dated 23 August 2022

Tatiana Belova



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF Mandarin Re Ltd

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

Crowe (Labuan) LLP AAL0056

LLP/0025/2011

Lot 36, Block D Lazenda Centre, Jalan OKK Abdullah P. O. Box 81599, 87025 W. P. Labuan Malaysia

Main +6 087 417 128 / 417 228

Fax +6 087 417 129

www.crowe.my

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Mandarin Re Ltd, which comprise statement of financial position as of 31 December 2021 of the Company, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows of the Company for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 6 to 43.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Labuan Companies Act 1990 in Malaysia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice)* of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Responsibilities of Directors for the Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Labuan Companies Act 1990 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal controls as the directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Company, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF Mandarin Re Ltd

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As a part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:-

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Company,
 whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF Mandarin Re Ltd (CONT'D)

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurance - Licence No.: IS2015157)

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the member of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 117(1) of the Labuan Companies Act 1990 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Crowe (Labuan) LLP AAL 0056 Chartered Accountants

Federal Territory of Labuan

Dated: 23 August 2022

Chieng You Lang 01781/07/2024 Chartered Accountant

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)
Company No.: LL11956
(Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 USD	2020 USD (Restated)
ASSETS			,
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Plant and equipment Investment property Other investments	6 7 8	910,126 247,715 21,461,114 22,618,955	76,069 221,480 14,902,287 15,199,836
	<u>.</u>	22,010,900	
CURRENT ASSETS Insurance receivables Other receivables, deposits and prepayments Amount owing by holding company Amount owing by related company Deposit with financial institution Cash at banks	9 10 11	5,857,316 333,434 4,303,944 2,550 35,945 542,878	2,773,145 191,585 6,081,494 - 37,206 1,281,221
		11,076,067	10,364,651
TOTAL ASSETS	:-	33,695,022	25,564,487
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY Share capital Retained profits	12	10,000,000 1,327,083	10,000,000 903,838
Equity attributable to owner of the Company	.ce	11,327,083	10,903,838
CURRENT LIABILITIES Insurance payables Other payables and accruals Amount owing to directors Current tax liabilities	13 14 15	3,138,923 165,912 902,100 102,781 4,309,716	951,116 2,327,470 902,100 129,204 4,309,890
	(*		
PROVISION FOR INSURANCE LIABILITIES Unearned premium reserves Provision for outstanding claims	16 17	5,613,592 12,444,631 18,058,223	1,851,879 8,498,880 10,350,759
TOTAL LIABILITIES		22,367,939	14,660,649
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	,	33,695,022	25,564,487

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157)

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	USD	USD
REVENUE	18	15,579,243	11,867,705
PROFIT TRANSFERRED FROM GENERAL			
INSURANCE ACCOUNT		3,426,026	4,306,809
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	19	3,426,026	4,306,809
CORPORATE INCOME TAX EXPENSES	20	(102,781)	(129,204)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		3,323,245	4,177,605
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		3,323,245	4,177,605
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:			
Owner of the Company		3,323,245	4,177,605

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)
Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

GENERAL INSURANCE REVENUE ACCOUNT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 USD	2020 USD
Gross written premium		15,579,243	11,867,705
Changes in unearned premium reserves	16	(3,761,713)	(942,686)
Gross earned premium	_	11,817,530	10,925,019
Premium ceded to reinsurers		(921,781)	(1,031,119)
Net earned premium		10,895,749	9,893,900
Claims incurred	17	(5,470,463)	(2,220,019)
Commission and acquisition expenses	21 _	(4,032,832)	(5,308,759)
Underwriting surplus before management expenses		1,392,454	2,365,122
Management expenses	22	(4,117,662)	(2,679,323)
Underwriting deficit after management expenses	_	(2,725,208)	(314,201)
Dividends income		117,700	107,908
Rental income		3,500	*
Fair value gain on investment		6,052,119	4,883,816
Allowance for impairment losses		(14,248)	(<u>a</u>
Unrealised foreign exchange gain/(loss)		99,719	(235,728)
Realised foreign exchange loss		(107,556)	(134,986)
Transferred to statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	1 	3,426,026	4,306,809

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	Share Capital USD	(Accumulated Losses)/ Retained Profits USD	Total Equity USD
Balance as at 01.01.2020				
As previously report		10,000,000	(3,375,484)	6,624,516
Prior yer adjustment			101,717	101,717
As restated		10,000,000	(3,273,767)	6,726,233
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		E	4,177,605	4,177,605
Balance at 31.12.2020 / 01.01.2021	_	10,000,000	903,838	10,903,838
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		€.	3,323,245	3,323,245
Dividends paid	23	143	(2,900,000)	(2,900,000)
Balance at 31.12.2021		10,000,000	1,327,083	11,327,083

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	NOTE	2021 USD	2020 USD
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before taxation Adjustments for:- Allowance for impairment losses Depreciation of plant and equipment Fair value changes on other investment Dividends income Rental income Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss		3,426,026 14,248 228,038 (6,052,119) (117,700) (3,500) (99,719)	4,306,809 - 10,877 (4,883,816) (107,908) - 235,728
Operating loss before working capital changes Increase in receivables Increase in payables Increase in unearned premium reserves Increase in provision for outstanding claims	_	(2,604,726) (3,240,268) 26,249 3,761,713 3,945,751	(438,310) (1,979,603) 2,407,814 942,686 1,292,034
CASH FROM OPERATIONS Corporate income tax paid	·-	1,888,719 (129,204)	2,224,621 (37,387)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	1,759,515	2,187,234
CASH FLOWS FROM/(FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES Repayment from/(advances to) holding company Advances to related company Addition of other investment Acquisition of plant and equipment Acquisition of investment property Dividends received/receivable Rental received/receivable	6 7	1,777,550 (2,550) (506,708) (1,054,430) (33,900) 117,700 3,500	(1,224,400) - - (83,655) (221,480) 107,908
NET CASH FROM/(FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_	301,162	(1,421,627)
CASH FLOWS (FOR)/FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Advances from directors Dividends paid	23 _	(2,900,000)	402,100
NET CASH (FOR)/FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(2,900,000)	402,100

Mandarin Re Ltd (Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia) Company No.: LL11956 (Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	NOTE	2021 USD	2020 USD
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(839,323)	1,167,707
EFFECTS OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSLATION		100,980	90,332
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	5.4	1,281,221	23,182
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	5.4	542,878	1,281,221
REPRESENTED BY :-			
CASH AT BANKS	T	542,878	1,281,221
	_	542,878	1,281,221

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is a private limited liability company incorporated under the Labuan Companies Act 1990 in Malaysia. The domicile of the company is in the Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia. The registered office and principal place of business are as follows:-

Registered office : Unit Level 13(A), Main Office Tower, Financial Park Labuan, Jalan

Merdeka, 87000 Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia

Principal place of : Suite No. 10, Brighton Place Office Suites, Brighton Place, 1st Floor, No. U0215, Jalan Bahasa, 87000 Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 23 August 2022.

2. HOLDING COMPANY

The holding company is TRANSSIBRE HOLDINGS LABUAN LTD, a Company incorporated in Malaysia.

3. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is principally engaged in the business as a licensed Labuan general insurer. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year under review.

4. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements of the Company are prepared under the historical cost convention and modified to include other bases of valuation as disclosed in other sections under significant accounting policies, and in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the requirements of Labuan Companies Act 1990 in Malaysia.

4.1 During the current financial year, the Company has adopted the following new accounting standards and/or interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any):-

IFRSs and/or IC Interpretations (Including The Consequential Amendments)

Amendment to IFRS 16: Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions

Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 139, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2

The adoption of the above accounting standards and/or interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any) did not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

4. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

4.2 The Company has not applied in advance the following accounting standard(s) and/or interpretation(s) (including the consequential amendments, if any) that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB) but are not yet effective for the current financial year.

IFRSs and/or IC Interpretations (Including The Consequential Amendments)	Effective Date
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to IFRS 3: Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred
Amendments to IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17: Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – Comparative Information	1 January 2023
Amendments to IAS 1: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non- current	1 January 2023
Amendments to IAS 1: Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to IFRS 8: Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to IAS 12: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
Amendments to IAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
Amendments to IAS 37: Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018 – 2020	1 January 2022

The adoption of the above accounting standards and interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any) is expected to have no material impact on the financial statements of the Company upon their initial application.

[The rest of this page is intentionally left blank]

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

5.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Management believes that there are no key assumptions made concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year other than as disclosed below:-

(a) Impairment of Insurance Receivables

The Company uses the simplified approach to estimate a lifetime expected credit loss allowance for all insurance receivables. The Company develops the expected loss rates based on the payment profiles of past sales and the corresponding historical credit losses, and adjusts for qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information. If the expectation is different from the estimation, such difference will impact the carrying value of insurance receivables. The carrying amount of insurance receivables as at the reporting date are disclosed in Note 9 to the financial statements.

(b) Impairment of Non-Trade Receivables

The loss allowances for non-trade financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting appropriate inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the past payment trends, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. The carrying amount of amount owing by holding company as at the reporting date are disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

(c) Fair Value Estimates for Unquoted Financial Assets

The Company carries certain financial assets that are not traded in an active market at fair value. The Company uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. The amount of fair value changes would differ if the Company uses different valuation methodologies and assumptions, and eventually affect profit and/or other comprehensive income.

(d) Provision For Outstanding Claims

Allowance is made for estimated costs of all claims, less reinsurance receivables, in respect of claims notified but not settled at the date of the statement of financial position. Allowance is also made for the costs of claims incurred but not reported at statement of financial position date, estimated on the basis of the actual market claims experience. Claims outstanding are also periodically reviewed by the external actuary.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

5.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

Management believes that there are no key assumptions made concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year other than as disclosed below:- (Cont'd)

(e) Impairment of Plant and Equipment

The Company determines whether an item of its plant and equipment is impaired by evaluating the extent to which the recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount. This evaluation is subject to changes such as market performance, economic and political situation of the country. A variety of methods is used to determine the recoverable amount, such as valuation reports and discounted cash flows. For discounted cash flows, significant judgement is required in the estimation of the present value of future cash flows generated by the assets, which involve uncertainties and are significantly affected by assumptions used and judgements made regarding estimates of future cash flows and discount rates. The carrying amount of plant and equipment as at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements

Critical Judgements Made in Applying Accounting Policies

Management believes that there are no instances of application of critical judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies which will have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

5.2 FUNCTIONAL AND FOREIGN CURRENCIES

(a) Functional and Presentation Currency

The functional currency of the Company is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

The financial statements of the Company are presented in United States Dollar (USD), which is the functional and presentation currency.

(b) Foreign Currencies Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into the respective functional currencies on initial recognition, using the exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period are translated at the rates ruling as of that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using exchange rates that existed when the values were determined. All exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss except for differences arising from the translation of available-for-sale equity instruments which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

5.3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when the Company has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are classified as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and their definitions in IFRS 9. Interest, dividends, gains and losses relating to a financial instrument classified as a liability are reported as expenses or income. Distributions to holders of financial instruments classified as equity are charged directly to equity.

Financial instruments are offset when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends to settle either on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

A financial instrument is recognised initially at its fair value (other than trade receivables without significant financing component which are measured at transaction price as defined in IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers at inception). Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instrument (other than a financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss) are added to/deducted from the fair value on initial recognition, as appropriate. Transaction costs on the financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss. Financial instruments recognised in the statement of financial position are disclosed in the individual policy statement associated with each item.

(a) Financial Assets

All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value (through profit or loss, or other comprehensive income), depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Debt instruments

(i) Amortised Cost

The financial asset is held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When the asset has subsequently become credit-impaired, the interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost or the financial asset.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

5.3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) Financial Assets (Cont'd)

Debt instruments (Cont'd)

(i) Amortised Cost (Cont'd)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts), excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the financial asset or a shorter period (where appropriate).

(ii) Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

The financial asset is held for both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset, where the asset's cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve, except for the recognition of impairment, interest income and foreign exchange difference which are recognised directly in profit or loss. Interest income is calculated using the effective interest method.

(iii) Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVPL)

All other financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value though other comprehensive income are measured at fair value though profit or loss.

The Company reclassifies debt instruments when and only when its business model for managing those assets change.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

5.3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) Financial Assets (Cont'd)

Equity Instruments

All equity investments are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses recognised in profit or loss except where the Company has elected to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve at initial recognition.

The designation at fair value though other comprehensive income is not permitted if the equity investment is either held for trading or is designated to eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise.

Dividend income from this category of financial assets is recognised in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive payment is establish unless the dividend clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the equity investments.

(b) Financial Liabilities

(i) Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are either held for trading or are designated to eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise. The changes in fair value of these financial liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Other Financial Liabilities

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and point paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premium or discounts), through the expected life of the financial liability or a shorter period (where appropriate).

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

5.3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(c) Equity Instruments

Equity instruments classified as equity are measured initially at cost and are not remeasured subsequently.

(i) Ordinary Shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised as liabilities when approved for appropriation.

(d) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. On derecognition of a financial asset and measured at amortised cost, the difference between carrying amount of the asset and sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of a debt instrument classified as fair value through other comprehensive income, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the fair value reserve is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. In contrast, there is no subsequent reclassification of the fair value reserve to profit or loss following the derecognition of an equity investment.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

5.4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank balances, demand deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value with original maturity periods of three months or less. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

5.5 IMPAIRMENT

(a) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, trade receivables and contract assets, as well as on financial guarantee contracts.

The expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument. The Company always recognises lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables and contract assets using the simplified approach. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Company's historical credit loss experience and are adjusted for forward-looking information (including time value of money where appropriate).

For all other financial instruments, the Company recognises lifetime expected credit losses when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses.

The Company recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve, and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

5.5 IMPAIRMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

The carrying values of non-financial assets, other than those to which Section 27 - Impairment of Assets does not apply, are reviewed at the end of each reporting period for impairment when there is an indication that the assets might be impaired. Impairment is measured by comparing the carrying values of the assets with their recoverable amounts. When the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount and an impairment loss shall be recognised. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use, which is measured by reference to discounted future cash flows using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company determines the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

When there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, a subsequent increase in the recoverable amount of an asset is treated as a reversal of the previous impairment loss and is recognised to the extent of the carrying amount of the asset that would have been determined (net of amortisation and depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised. The reversal is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

5.6 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(a) Short-term Benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave and sick leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are accrued in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Company.

(b) Defined Contribution Plans

The Company's contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in profit or loss in the period to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Company has no further liability in respect of the defined contribution plans.

5.7 UNEARNED PREMIUM RESERVES

The unearned premium reserves (UPR) represent the portion of premium income not yet earned at the statement of financial position date. UPR is computed using time apportionment method.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

5.8 REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised by reference to each distinct performance obligation in the contract with customer. Revenue from contracts with customers is measured at its transaction price, being the amount of consideration which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, net of sales and service tax, returns, rebates and discounts. Transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation on the basis of the relative standalone selling prices of each distinct good or services promised in the contract. Depending on the substance of the contract, revenue is recognised when the performance obligation is satisfied, which may be at a point in time or over time.

(a) Premium income

Premium income is recognised at the date of inception of risks.

Income for proportional treaty inwards is recognised on the date of receipt of the accounts.

5.9 INCOME TAXES

(a) Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are expected amount of income tax recoverable or payable to the taxation authorities.

Current taxes are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity).

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

5.10 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

All items of plant and equipment are initially measured at cost. Cost includes expenditure that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all plant and equipment, other than freehold land and buildings, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when the cost is incurred and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Company and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of parts that are replaced is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation on other plant and equipment is charged to profit or loss (unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset) on a straight-line method to write off the depreciable amount of the assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation of an asset does not cease when the asset becomes idle or is retired from active use unless the asset is fully depreciated. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:-

Computer and accessories	40%
Furniture and fittings	20%
Office equiment	20%

The depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period to ensure that the amounts, method and periods of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of the property and equipment. Any changes are accounted for as a change in estimate.

When significant parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property and equipment.

An item of property and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising from derecognition of the asset, being the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount, is recognised in profit or loss. The revaluation reserve included in equity is transferred directly to retained profits on retirement or disposal of the asset.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia) Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

5.11 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties are properties which are owned or right-of-use asset held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties which are owned are initially measured at cost. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment property. The right-of-use asset held under a lease contract that meets the definition of investment property is measured initially similarly as other right-of-use assets.

Investment properties are derecognised when they have either been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future benefit is expected from its disposal.

On the derecognition of an investment property, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. All transfers do not change the carrying amount of the property reclassified.

5.12 INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES

Provision for outstanding claims are based on the estimated ultimate cost of all claims incurred but not settled at the date of the statement of financial position, whether reported or not, together with related claims handling costs and reduction for the expected value of salvage and other recoveries. Delays can be experienced in the notification and settlement of certain types of claims, therefore, the ultimate cost of these claims cannot be known with certainty at the date of the statement of financial position. The liability is calculated at reporting date using a range of standard actuarial claim projection techniques based on empirical data and current assumptions that may include a margin for adverse deviation. The liability is not discounted for the time value of money. No provision for equalization or catastrophe reverses is recognised. The liabilities are derecognised when the contract expires, is discharged or is cancelled.

At the reporting date, the Company reviews its unexpired risks and a liability adequency test is performed to determine whether there is any overall excess of expected claims over unearned premiums. This calculation uses current estimates of future.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

5.13 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. The measurement assumes that the transaction takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market. For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

For financial reporting purposes, the fair value measurements are analysed into level 1 to level 3 as follows:

Level 1: Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets

or liability that the entity can access at measurement date;

Level 2: Inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are

observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The transfer of fair value between levels is determined as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused transfer.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956 (Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

6.	PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				
		At 01.01.2021	Additions	Depreciation charges	At 31.12.2021
		USD	USD	USD	USD
	2021				
	Carrying Amount				
	Furniture and fittings	69,457	12,651	(17,564	•
	Computers and accessories	3,588)#((2,371	
	Office equipment	3,024	1,041,779	(200,438	
		76,069	1,054,430	(220,373	910,126
		At		Depreciation	At
		01.01.2020	Additions	charges	31.12.2020
		USD	USD	USD	USD
	2020				
	Carrying Amount				
	Furniture and fittings	719	77,168	(8,430) 69,457
	Computers and accessories	2,572	3,135	(2,119	•
	Office equipment		3,352	(328	
		3,291	83,655	(10,877	76,069
			Accum	nulated	
		At cost	Depre	ciation (Carrying Amount
		USD	US	SD	USD
	31.12.2021				
	Furniture and fittings	90,55	66	(26,012)	64,544
	Computers and accessories	5,92		(4,711)	1,217
	Office equipment	1,045,13		(200,766)	844,365
		1,141,61	5	(231,489)	910,126
			Accum	nulated	
		At cost	Depre	ciation	NBV
		USD	US	SD	USD
	1.1.2021				
	Furniture and fittings	77,90		(8,448)	69,457
	Computers and accessories	5,92		(2,340)	3,588
	Office equipment	3,35		(328)	3,024
		87,18	35	(11,116)	76,069

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

7.	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES		
		2021 USD	2020 USD
	Cost At 1 January Addition	221,480 33,900	221,480
	At 31 December	255,380	221,480
	Accumulated depreciation At 1 January Charge for the year At 31 December	7,665 7,665	
	Carrying amount At 31 December	247,715	221,480
8.	OTHER INVESTMENTS		
		2021	2020
	Investment At Fair Value Through OCI	USD	USD
	Unquoted, at fair value	1,380,584	1,323,876

The Company has designated the investments at fair value through other comprehensive income because the Company intends to hold for long-term strategic purposes.

Investment At Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	2021 USD	2020 USD
Quoted, at fair value	20,080,530	13,578,411

The fair value of the quoted shares for both investments in Apple Inc., and Microsoft is determined by reference to their quoted closing bid price at the end of the reporting period.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

9.	INSURANCE RECEIVABLES			
		2021	2020	
		USD	USD	
	Insurance receivables	6,022,970	2,924,551	

Less: Cumulative allowance for impairment losses (165,654) (151,406) 5,857,316

The Company's normal credit term is 30 (2020: 30) days.

10. AMOUNT OWING BY HOLDING COMPANY

The amount owing is in respect of advances to a holding company. The amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and is repayable on demand. The amount owing is to be settled in cash.

11. CASH AT BANKS

	2021	2020
	USD	USD
Cash at banks:-		
- China Construction Bank Corporation, Labuan Branch	38,498	41,975
- Malayan Banking Berhad, Labuan Branch	504,380	1,239,246
	542,878	1,281,221

12. SHARE CAPITAL

	2021 Number of	2020 Shares	2021 USD	2020 USD
Issued and Fully Paid-Up Ordinary Shares				
At 31 December	100,000	100,000	10,000,000	10,000,000

13. INSURANCE PAYABLES

	2021	2020
	USD	USD
		(Restated)
Insurance payables	3,138,923	951,116

The average credit terms granted to the Company is 1 - 12 (2020: 1 - 12) months.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

14. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	2021 USD	2020 USD
Other payables Accruals**	158,912 7,000	33,778 2,293,692
	165,912	2,327,470

^{**} No accrued profit commission included in the accruals during the year (2020: USD2,286,692).

15. AMOUNT OWING TO DIRECTORS

The amount owing is in respect of advances from directors. The amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and is repayable on demand. The amount owing is to be settled in cash.

16. UNEARNED PREMIUM RESERVES

	2021	2020
	USD	USD
At 1 January	1,851,879	909,193
Increase during the year	3,761,713	942,686
At 31 December	5,613,592	1,851,879

17. PROVISION FOR OUTSTANDING CLAIMS

	2021 USD	2020 USD
At 1 January Claims incurred	8,498,880 5,470,463	7,206,846 2,220,019
Add: Claims recoveries Less: Claims paid	(1,524,712)	630,164 (1,558,149)
At 31 December	12,444,631	8,498,880
Provision for outstanding claims	4,809,779	3,125,937
Provision of IBNR	7,634,852	5,372,943
At 31 December	12,444,631	8,498,880

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

18. REVENUE

Class of business	2021 USD	2020 USD
Facultative Engineering Fire Marine Miscellaneous	(242,829) 996,858 333,873 2,545,249 3,633,151	67,757 4,159,080 188,877 101,355 4,517,069
Treaty Engineering Fire Marine Miscellaneous	13,529 6,543,867 46,854 5,341,842 11,946,092	43,000 1,718,155 - 5,589,481 7,350,636
Total	15,579,243	11,867,705

This represents the gross premium written during the financial year under review.

19. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

	2021 USD	2020 USD
Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):-		
Auditors' remunerations	7,000	7,000
Depreciation	228,038	10,877
Directors' remuneration - fees	312,813	329,000
- other emoluments	830,833	1,045,764
Rent and utilities	157,318	43,941
Fair value changes on investment	(6,052,119)	(4,883,816)
Allowance for impairmnet loss	14,248	3
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(99,719)	235,728
Realised foreign exchange loss	107,556	134,986
Dividends income	(117,700)	(107,908)
Rental income	(3,500)	

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

20.	CORPORATE INCOME TAX EXPENSES		
		2021	2020
		USD	USD
	Taxation charge - current year	102,781	129,204

The taxation charge relates to the tax payable under the Labuan Business Tax Act 1990 and is computed based on 3% of the chargeable profit.

21. COMMISSION AND ACQUISITION EXPENSES

	2021 USD	2020 USD
Cedant commission Commission received Other acquisition expenses Increase in profit share commission reserves	3,664,242 - 133,916 234,674	1,797,190 (13,498) 1,391,363 2,133,704
At 31 December	4,032,832	5,308,759

22. MANAGEMENT EXPENSES

	2021	2020
	USD	USD
Advertising and marketing expenses	746,227	8,205
Auditors' remuneration	7,000	7,000
Bank charges	17,253	16,659
Consultancy fees	810,967	269,096
Depreciation	228,038	10,877
Directors' remuneration	1,143,646	1,374,764
EPF & SOCSO	18,927	18,144
Legal and professional fees	105,244	281,642
License and permit fees	19,775	18,733
Management fees	13,380	70,241
Newpapers and periodicals	2,049	-
Others	97,969	57,127
Rent and utilities	157,318	43,941
Repair and maintenances	20,465	=
Salaries and wages	391,463	402,207
Staff trainings	20,537	5,114
Staff welfare	#	2,049
Travelling and accomodation expenses	317,404	93,524
	4,117,662	2,679,323

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

23. DIVIDENDS PAID

2021 2020 USD USD

Final dividends paid for the financial year

2,900,000

24. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Identities of Related Parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Company if the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or jointly control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Company and the party are subject to common control.

In addition to the information detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Company has related party relationships with its shareholders, directors and related company.

(b) Significant Related Party Transactions and Balances

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Company also carried out the following significant transactions with the related parties during the financial year:-

	2021 USD	2020 USD
Repayment from/(advances to) holding company	1,777,550 (2,550)	(1,224,400)
Advances to related company Advances from directors Dividends paid to shareholder	(2,900,000)	402,100 -

The significant outstanding balances of the related parties (including the allowance for impairment loss made) together with their terms and conditions are disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

25. MARGIN OF SOLVENCY

As at 31 December 2021, the Company has maintained total surplus of assets over liabilities equivalent to at least RM 10,000,000 in compliance with the margin of solvency requirement imposed under Section 109 of the Labuan Financial Services and Securities Act 2010.

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's activities are exposed to a variety of market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall financial risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

26.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The Company's policies in respect of the major areas of treasury activities are as follows:

(a) Market Risk

(i) Foreign Currency Risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on transactions and balances that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Company. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), British Pound ("GBP"), Euro ("EUR") and Renminbi ("RMB"). Foreign currency risk is monitored closely on an ongoing basis to ensure that the net exposure is at an acceptable level.

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk (a currency which is other than the functional currency of the Company) based on the carrying amounts of the financial instruments at the end of the reporting period is summarised below:-

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia) Company No.: LL11956 (Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D) 26.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D) 26.1

Market Risk (Cont'd) (a) Foreign Currency Risk (Cont'd) \equiv

Total USD	21,461,114 5,857,316 275,301 4,303,944 2,550 35,945 542,878	32,479,048
United States Dollar USD	21,404,405 5,857,316 275,301 4,303,944 2,550 39,860	31,883,376
Euro USD	56,709	94,431
Ringgit Malaysia USD	35,945	48,321
Renminbi USD	10,282	10,282
British Pound USD	442,638	442,638
Foreign Currency Exposure	Einancial Assets Other investments Insurance receivables Other receivables Amount owing by holding company Amount owing by related company Deposit with financial institution Cash at banks	

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia) Company No.: LL11956 (Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

26.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

(i) Foreign Currency Risk (Cont'd)

Foreign Currency Exposure (Cont'd)

Total VSD	3,138,923 165,912 902,100	4,206,935	28,272,113	(27,707,137)	564,976
United States Dollar USD	3,138,923 135,216 902,100	4,176,239	27,707,137	(27,707,137)	
Euro USD		Œ.	94,431	ı	94,431
Ringgit Malaysia USD	30,696	30,696	17,625		17,625
Renminbi USD		(1	10,282	ja	10,282
British Pound USD		.91	442,638		442,638
	2021 (Cont'd) <u>Financial Liabilities</u> Insurance payables Other payables and accruals Amount owing to directors		Net financial assets	Less: Net financial assets denominated in the Company's functional currency	Currency Exposure

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia) Company No.: LL11956 (Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

26.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

(i) Foreign Currency Risk (Cont'd)

Foreign Currency Exposure (Cont'd)

United States Dollar Total									2 50,790 1,281,221	23,921,731
Euro	OSD			ì	1	Ĩ	1	1	207,40;	207,402
Ringgit Malaysia	OSD			30	91	(1	ð	37,206	5,027	42,233
Renminbi	OSD			ı	а	31	1	:E	10,019	10,019
British Pound	OSD				()	39	•	110	1,007,983	1,007,983
		2020	Financial Assets	Other investments	Insurance receivables	Other receivables	Amount owing by holding company	Deposit with financial institution	Cash at banks	10

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia) Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D) 26.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D) 26.1

Market Risk (Cont'd) (a) Foreign Currency Risk (Cont'd) €

Foreign Currency Exposure (Cont'd)

Total USD	951,116	2,327,470 902,100	4,180,686	21,008,682	(19,741,045)	1,267,637
United States Dollar USD	951,116	2,327,470 902,100	4,180,686	19,741,045	(19,741,045)	
Euro USD	ij	i i	ï	207,402	¥	207,402
Ringgit Malaysia USD	ŧ	i i		42,233	í	42,233
Renminbi USD	ï	1 1	į	10,019	,	10,019
British Pound USD	•	OR OF	j.	1,007,983	Ţ	1,007,983
	2020 Financial Liabilities Insurance payables	Other payables and accruals		Net financial assets	Less: Net financial assets denominated in the Company's functional currency	Currency Exposure

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

26.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

(i) Foreign Currency Risk (Cont'd)

Foreign Currency Risk Sensitivity Analysis

Any reasonably possible change in the foreign currency exchange rates at the end of the reporting period against the respective functional currencies of the Companies does not have material impact on the profit after taxation and other comprehensive income of the Company and hence, no sensitivity analysis is presented.

(ii) Interest Rate Risk

The Company does not have any material interest-bearing borrowings or assets and hence, is not exposed to interest rate risk.

Interest Rate Risk Sensitivity Analysis

The Company does not have any floating rate borrowings and hence, no sensitivity analysis is presented.

(iii) Equity Price Risk

The Company's principal exposure to equity price risk arises mainly from changes in quoted investment prices. The Company manages its exposure to equity price risk by maintaining a portfolio of equities with different risk profiles

Equity Price Risk Sensitivity Analysis

Any reasonably possible change in the prices of quoted investments at the end of the reporting period does not have a material impact on the profit after taxation and other comprehensive income of the Company and hence, no sensitivity analysis is presented.

(b) Credit Risk

The Company's exposure to credit risk, or the risk of counterparties defaulting, arises mainly from trade receivables. The Company manages its exposure to credit risk by the application of credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures on an ongoing basis. For other financial assets (including quoted investments, cash and bank balances and derivatives), the Company minimises credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

(i) Credit risk concentration profile

The Company does not have any major concentration of credit risk related to any individual customer or counterparty.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

26.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

(ii) Exposure to credit risk

At the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position of the Company after deducting any allowance for impairment losses (where applicable).

(iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether any of the financial assets at amortised cost and debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income are credit impaired.

The gross carrying amounts of financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery (i.e. the debtor does not have assets or sources of income to generate sufficient cash flows to repay the debt) despite that fact that they are still subject to enforcement activities.

Trade Receivables

The Company applies the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected credit loss allowance for its trade receivables (including related parties). To measure expected credit losses on a collective basis, trade receivables are grouped based on similar credit risk and ageing. The expected loss rates are based on the Company's historical credit losses experienced. The historical loss rates are then adjusted for current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the trade receivables to settle their debts.

The Company measures the expected credit losses of certain major customers, trade receivables that are credit impaired and trade receivables with a high risk of default on individual basis.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

26.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

(iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses

Trade Receivables (Cont'd)

Allowance for Impairment Losses

	Gross Amount USD	Loss Allowance USD	Carrying Amount USD
2021			
less than 3 months3 to 6 monthsmore than 6 months	2,910,383 2,319,761 792,826	(165,654)	2,910,383 2,319,761 627,172
	6,022,970	(165,654)	5,857,316
2020			
less than 3 months3 to 6 monthsmore than 6 months	1,646,215 791,663 486,673	- - (151,406)	1,646,215 791,663 335,267
	2,924,551	(151,406)	2,773,145

Other Receivables and Amount Owing by Related Company

Other receivables and Amount Owing By Related Company are also subject to the impairment requirements of MFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial and hence, it is not provided for.

Deposit With Financial Institution, Cash At Banks

The Company considers the licensed banks have low credit risks. In addition, some of the bank balances are insured by Government agencies. Therefore, the Company is of the view that the loss allowance is immaterial and hence, it is not provided for.

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

26.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

(iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses (Cont'd)

Amount owing By Holding Company

The Company applies the 3-stage general approach to measuring expected credit losses for all inter-company balances. Generally, the Company considers loans and advances to holding company have low credit risks. The Company assumes that there is a significant increase in credit risk when the holding company's financial position deteriorates significantly. As the Company is able to determine the timing of payments of the holding company's loans and advances when they are payable, the Company considers the loans and advances to be in default when the holding company is not able to pay when demanded. The Company is of the view of that the loss allowance is immaterial and hence, it is not provided for.

Allowance for Impairment Losses

At the end of the reporting period, there was no indication that the amount owing is not recoverable.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises mainly from general funding and business activities. The Company practises prudent risk management by maintaining sufficient cash balances and the availability of funding through certain committed credit facilities.

Maturity Analysis

The following table sets out the maturity profile of the financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted cash flows:-

	On Demand Or	
	Within One Year	Total
2021	USD	USD
Non-derivative Financial Liabilities		
Insurance payables	3,138,923	3,138,923
Other payables and accruals	165,912	165,912
Amount owing to directors	902,100	902,100
-	4,206,935	4,206,935

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer – License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

26.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(c) Liquidity Risk (Cont'd)

Maturity Analysis (Cont'd)

2020 Non-derivative Financial liabilities Insurance payables Other payables and accruals Amount owing to directors	On Demand Or Within One Year USD 951,116 2,327,470 902,100 4,180,686	Total USD (Restated) 951,116 2,327,470 902,100 4,180,686
26.2 CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		
	2021 USD	2020 USD
Financial Assets		
Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income Other investments (Note 8)	1,380,584	1,323,876
Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Other investments (Note 8)	20,080,530	13,578,411
Amortised Cost Insurance receivables (Note 9) Other receivables Amount owing by holding company (Note 10) Amount owing by related company Deposit with financial institution Cash at banks (Note 11)	5,857,316 275,301 4,303,944 2,550 35,945 542,878	2,773,145 114,015 6,081,494 - 37,206 1,281,221 - 10,287,081

(Incorporated in Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia)

Company No.: LL11956

(Licensed Labuan General Insurer - License No. IS2015157)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

26.2 CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

	2021 USD	2020 USD
Financial Liabilities		
Other Financial Liabilities		
Insurance payables (Note 13)	3,138,923	951,116
Other payables and accruals (Note 14)	165,912	2,327,470
Amount owing to directors (Note 15)	902,100	902,100
	4,206,935	4,180,686

26.3 FAIR VALUES INFORMATION

The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Company that maturing within the next 12 months approximated their carrying amounts due to the relatively short-term maturity of the financial instruments or repayable on demand terms.

26.4 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company defines capital as the total equity and debt of the Company. The objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain an optimal capital structure and ensuring availability of funds in order to support its businesses and related shareholder(s) value. To achieve this objective, the Company may make adjustments to the capital structure in view of changes in economic conditions, such as adjusting the amount of dividend payment, returning of capital to shareholders or issuing new shares.

The Company monitors and maintains a prudent level of total debt to total equity ratio to optimise shareholder(s) value and to ensure compliance with debt covenants and regulatory, if any.

There was no change in the Company's approach to capital management during the financial year.

27. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT

	As Previously Reported USD	The effects of prior year adjustments USD	As Restated USD
As at 31.12.2020			
Statement of Financial Position (Extract):- Retained profits Insurance payables	1,052,833 802,121	(101,717) 101,717	951,116 903,838